To-morrow, rain; light variable winds.

NEW-YORK, SUNDAY. NOVEMBER 5, 1905.-5 PARTS, SIXTY PAGES.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

Finnish Dictatorship Abolished-Bobrikoff's Laws Rescinded.

st Petersburg, Nov. 4 .- The manifesto of Emperar Nicholas, granting the demands of the Finns, has been signed and dispatched to Hel-

It convokes the Diet on December 20, al-olishes the dictatorship, rescinds Governor General Robrikoff's illegal enactments, annuls the manifesto of February 15, 1899, which provided for on legislation in the Empire, and all the laws since enacted

It announces that the extraordinary Diet now convoked is for the revision of the Diers elec-

toral bases. The ukase not only places the Diet in the centrol of the Budget, but gives it sweeping power to elaborate a new system of representation based on universal suffrage.

The ukase provides for the formulation of laws giving practical autonomy. The Emperor has accepted the resignation of the entire Senste, and has virtually promised to remove Prince John Obolensky, Governor General of Finland. The manifesto abrogating the illegal ordinances promulgated by Governor General Bobrikeff, in pursuance of his policy for the Russiflof Finland, and including the military law of 1901, is expected to relieve the situain Finland, as they have been the principal causes of discontent among the Finns.

AN ELECTION SOON.

New Diet Expected to Begin Sessions on December 12.

London. Nov. 4 .- A dispatch to a news agency from Helsingfors, Finland, says that Emperor Nicholas has just issued a manifesto granting a constitution to Finland. The dispatch adds that the resignations of the members of the Finnish Diet have been accepted, that elections for the new Diet will take place immediately, and that it is expected its first sittings will begin on De-

RAILROAD STRIKERS WIN.

Demands of Leaders Acceded To by Count Witte.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 4.—Count Witte to-day solved the railroad strike at a conference with the strike leaders, at which he did not hesitate to make a practical surrender of the Government's reasonable demands. The bases of settlement are comprised in the following dispatch, sent to strike committees throughout the

First The remuneration of all railroad em-deves is increased and the Budget of 1906 will

be revised to provide therefore.

Second—The creation of a commission on which the employees are to have elected representatives to consider questions of improvement

Third Permission is given railroad employes and workmen to have a co-operative organiza-tion based on models of Western Europe and the United States. Fourth—The abolition of military regulations

applying to relivoids.

Fifth—Freedom of meeting for employes of railroads to discuss questions of a strike without notice being given to the police.

Sixth—Inviolability of the person of strikers and the re-employment of men dismissed for

striking.

Seventh Cancelling of all circulars limiting the employment of Poles on the Polish Southwestern and the Western Railroads, and giving permission to use the Polish language in private

Under this settlement all the railroads are resuming work to-day.

Quite as important was Count Witte's decision in connection with the situation in Finland. He fully realizes the necessity of appeasing the aspirations of the Finns, and proposed to the Emperor the entire reversal of the policy of Russification of Finland, to which he himself has always been opposed, and the restoration of the old civil and military liberties of the grand

DEVASTATION IN ODESSA.

Jewish Quarters Wrecked-Nearly 6,000 Wounded in Hospitals.

Odessa, Nov. 4. The pillaging here has been largely stopped, thanks to the intervention of the troops and local militia, formed largely of students, but the streets are unsafe for all except sanitary officials and Sisters of Charity. The city presents the aspect of a military camp. Arrillery is posted in several streets. The student militia is pursuing the rioters, who are defending themselves with revolvers. The students are taking their captives to the university.

The centre of the city is quiet. The streetcars some shops and markets are open and the bakeries are working. The telegraph lines are crowded with dispatches for newspapers and private citizens, who have been sending reassuring messages regarding the situation here in view of the reports of massacres in various parts of Russia.

Looting was in full force yesterday, and the amount of damage done is enormous. During the night there was further heavy firing, and a number of Jews were killed. Whenever Jews attacked by rioters escaped to the roofs of their houses the houses were promptly fired on,

Residents of the outskirts of the city say their sections have been overrun by rioters. One band was composed of ten women, half naked, who were made frantic by the murder and pil-

The Governor General announces that he has taken strict measures to prevent further disorder, but should the troops be fired on he has ordered the artillery to demolish the houses from which the shooting is done. He also announces that the troops have strict orders to

shoot and kill pillagers. Soldiers are now making a house to house visitation, seeking for bombs and arms. They are also searching passengers on the streetcars. It is believed that the worst is now over. Owing to the mobs being satisted with two days' carnival of murder and destruction by flame, the revolt against law and order is dying down,

partially, perhaps, because of lack of material upon which to prey. Almost the entire Jewish quarters of Moldavanha, Slobodka and Bugalovka are devastated, and their inhabitants have either been killed or unded or have sought refuge in other parts of the town. The whole fury of the mobs was directed unchecked against the Jews. During

Continued on tenth page.

DEWEY'S "BRUT-CUVEE" CHAMPAGNE One bottle will convince you of its superiority.

H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 138 Fulton St., New York,

FREEDOM FOR FINLAND. SAW TODD 1903 WILL.

CZAR SIGNS MANIFESTO. SAYS LOCKWOOD HAD IT.

Undertaker Wanted Authority Shown Before Cremating Body.

A man who saw in Ingersoll Lockwood's posses sion a will executed in 1903 by Mrs. Margaretta Todd, the woman found dead on the tracks of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad near Philadelphia a week ago last Friday night, came forward yesterday. He is P. W. Radcliffe, the vice-president and manager of the Stephen Merritt Burial Company, At 2 o'clock in the morning after Mrs. Todd's body was found, G. W. Amory, manager of the Von Hoffman apartment house, called him up and ordered him to get the body and bring it to New-York City for burial. Later Saturday morning Lockood appeared at the establishment.

When he entered Sinclair Tousey, the brother-in-law of Mrs, Rosalie Tousey, was sitting in a chair. Lockwood rushed by him and entered Mr. Radcliffe's office. He announced that he was Mrs. Todd's attorney and that he wanted her body cremated on Sunday, in accordance with her expressed wishes. Mr. Radcliffe refused to recognize his authority. To prove that he was the executor of the estate, Lockwood pulled Mrs. Todd's will from his pocket and began flourishing it. Mr. Radeliffe asked to be allowed to see it. Lockwood consented.

"The will seemed all right," said Mr. Radcliffe yesterday, "and was dated 1903. There was no mention of Lockwood's name. Mrs. Rosalie Tousey was named as the executrix. I told Lockwood that he had no authority to order me to cremate the body under the will, and that I would not take the responsibility of doing so. I said that I would send the body to the receiving vault at Woodlawn Cemetery, and wait for further orders until Mrs. Tousey's arrival. On his way out Lockwood called Mr. Tousey an 'interloper.' Mr. Tousey acted the part of a gentleman. He picked out the coffin and left the funeral arrangements with me. He also agreed with me that it would be best to leave the body in the receiving vault until Mrs. Tousey reached America.

Monday morning Lockwood filed, but did not offer for probate, a will drawn up in January, 1962. This will named him as the executor of he estate. In remarking on Lockwood's action, George Gordon Hastings, the lawyer represent-

ng Mrs. Tousey, said yesterday: ing Mrs. Tousey, said yesterday:

The execution of a will in 1903 destroys any wills made subsequently. If the will of 1903 cannot be found—and Lockwood tells me that he has lost it and we cannot mayor the contents of the missing will, as I believe we can, the result will be the same as if Mrs. Todd had died without making a will.

If a lawyer should file a will knowing that a later will had been executed, and offered it for probate and attempt to secure rights given him under the superseded will, but not under the later will, it would amount to a felony and be punished by ten years' imprisonment.

Merk Alter Lockwood's atterney said yester.

Mark Alter, Lockwood's attorney, said yester iay that he knew nothing of the existence of a will drawn up in 1903. Magistrate Whitman, in the Jefferson Market police court, yesterday lismissed the complaint against Hastings, Tousey and Theron Davis, brought by Lockwood, because of the raid in which they gained possession of No. 26 West 29th-st., and put him and his detectives out of doors. Magistrate Whitman said that the matter was civil and not criminal, since Lockwood was not assaulted, and that he had no jurisdiction over it.

Alter threatened to raid the premises with forty detectives, and the magistrate said that he could do so if he wanted to. Alter said last night that he would bring an action of electment against Hastings on Monday in the 3d District Municipal Court, and at the same time ask for another hearing of the first complaint under Section 465 of the Criminal Code. He said that he would go to the grand jury if the drate refused another hearing.

Maurice Meyer and Daniel O'Rellly, the atorneys of Milton Berolzlied, Mrs. Todd's grandson, have served papers on Hastings, Tousey and Lockwood, demanding the property left by Mrs. Todd, on the ground that they represent the only heir in the city. They will begin action on next Wednesday to compel Lockwood to give up the papers connected with the estate in his possession. They said yesterday that they would act in harmony with Hastings until Mrs. Tousey arrives, as their interests are identical with his. If she will not agree to divide the estate left by Mrs. Todd with their client, they will then begin litigation against her, as they consider that Mrs. Todd died intestate.

George A. C. Barnett, a lawyer, of No. 119 West 10th-st., said yesterday that Mrs. Todd hired him last spring to draw up a secret will for her. He was to furnish witnesses, and no one but Mrs. Julia Howe, Mrs. Todd's stepdaughter, was to know anything about the will Lockwood and Berolzlied were to be eliminated and Mrs. Tousey was to receive the greater part of the estate. He said yesterday:

"Mrs. Tousey was here Tuesday or Wednesday and said that she was coming back here Friday afternoon. At 4 o'clock she was to leave my office, as she was going to make a trip out

Barnett's office is within a few feet of Christopher-st. Miss Fannie Knight sald that Amory ordered the cabman to drive Mrs. Todd to some place in Christopher-st. on the Friday afternoon that Mrs. Todd left town. Mr. Hastings yesterday explained this, saying;

Mrs. Todd hired me to draw up her will or hursday evening. She dictated it to me or Mrs Todd hired me to draw up her will on Thursday evening. She dictated it to me on Friday morning. I asked her if I should bring it to her in the evening. Sife said that she was going to Orange, N. J., in the afternoon, and that I should bring it to her to sign at 2 o'clock on Monday morning. On Friday afternoon, as she was about to start. Amory thought that she was going to Barnett's, and ordered the driver to go to No. 119 West 10th-st. Mrs. Todd said, "No. to Christopher-st."

Coroner Scholer said yesterday that he had just received word from Coroner Dugan of Philadelphia that he expected to come to this city in a few days and confer with the District Attorney on the Todd case. Mr. Scholer said that he had been to see an Assistant District Attorney, and that the county had not as yet determined to take any legal steps in the case.

It is now reported from Philadelphia that two men, and not two women, met Mrs. Todd on her arrival in Philadelphia on Friday afternoon. The men drove away with her in a cab, and were later seen, it is said, in the neighborhood of the place where Mrs. Todd's hody was found on the track. The man who is believed to have driven the cab has suddenly disappeared.

BASKETBALL HURTS KILL

Young Woman Had Been Half Paralyzed for Two Years.

Ithaca, N. Y., Nov. 4 .- After being for two years semi-paralyzed by injuries received while playing basketball on the girls' team of the Ithaca High School, Miss Jennie G. McNamara dled to-day. The young woman was running rapidly in the game, when she atruck a brick pillar in the gymnasium. One side of her body became paralyzed, and she was never able to leave the house after being carried home,

THE TRIBUNE'S ELECTION FORECAST.

Total registration, 1905	647,199
Void ballots 30,000	
Socialist, Prohibition and scattering 32,199	62,199
To be divided by Ivins, McClellan and Hearst	585,000
DIVIDED AS FOLLOWS:	
Ivins	215,000
McClellan	190,000
Hearst	180,000
	-
Total	585,000

All the indications point to a smashing Republican victory on Tuesday. McClellan and Hearst bid fair to halve the Democratic vote, allowing the Republican city, county, borough, Assembly and aldermanic tickets the win-

In Kings Senator McCarren privately concedes the election of the Republican borough and county tickets. On account of the Hearst indorsement, the Republicans will have a big majority of the Assemblymen and aldermen from Kings.

Queens and Richmond look almost equally promising to Republicans. ferome is sure of a handsome plurality, unless all pre-election polls, 'straws" and estimates are wrong.

(For full details of the local political probabilities and the outlook in other States

TORNADO KILLS SEVEN.

Many Injured and Much Damage in Mountain View, O. T.

Mountain View, O. T., Nov. 4.-A tornado struck Mountain View this evening, killing seven persons and injuring many others, and damaging much property.

The schoolhouse, two churches, two livery barns, one hotel, a cotton gin and about twelve dwelling houses were blown away and many more seriously damaged.

The business part of the town was untouched, except a few windows blown in.

CARL SCHURZ HURT.

Falls from Streetear-Head Cut-Injury Slight.

While on his way to the Century Club, at No 7 West 43d-st., last night, Carl Schurz was thrown to the payement by the premature starting of a Madison-ave, ear and sustained a slight cut on the back of his head.

Mr. Schurz was alighting from the car, and, according to his statement, it started before he had reached the ground, and the start caused him to lose his balance and fall.

Charles Walters, chief gunner of the United States battleship Maine, who was standing on the ear of the car, saw Mr. Schurz fall, and immerear of the car, saw Mr. Schurz fall, and immediately left the car and went to his assistance. He picked him up and took him to a drug store. As Mr. Schurz is seventy-six years old, it was feared at first that he had been badly injured, but an examination made by the clerk in the drug store revealed nothing more serious than a cut at the back of his head and a general shaking up. His clothing was also disarranged and he was covered with dirt from head to foot. Everything possible was done for him, and he was taken to his home, at No. 24 East 91st-st., in a cab.

The motorman was not arrested

SEVEN MINERS KILLED.

Explosion in Tide Water Mines Injures Several Others.

Bluefield, W. Va., Nov. 4.—Seven miners are dead and a number of others were seriously injured in an explosion to-day in one of the Tide Water Coal and Coke Company's mines at Vivian. It is thought several of the injured will die. The

It is thought several of the injuries with the cause of the explosion is not yet known, but it is believed to have been due to a shot "blowing out." This is the second explosion that has occurred in these mines within the last four months, the previous one killing ten men July 5.

CLASH OVER PRESIDENT'S TRIP.

Federal and Local Authorities in Dispute Over New-Orleans Boat Trip.

New-Orleans, Nov. 4.-A clash between city and federal authorities on the visit of President Roosevelt here last week became known to-day through charges preferred against the chief of police by John A. Cotter, supervising inspector of the Steamboat Inspection Service. From of the Steamboat Inspection Service. From these charges, which are contained in a report forwarded to the Department of Commerce and Labor, it appears that the police objected to federal supervision of the number of passengers to be permitted on the Comus, the vessel chartered to take the President and prominent citizens on a river excursion.

eried to take the President and prominent entrences on a river excursion.

While Mr. Cotter was counting the passengers going aboard the police demanded his arrest, and the boat left carrying more passengers than the law allowed.

QUARTET OF WOULD-BE MAYORS.

They Will Speak at Same Meeting in Mount Vernon To-day.

"Why I Should Be Mayor of Mount Vernon" is the topic which the four candidates for Mayor, William Archer, Republican; Dr. Edward F. Brush, Independent; William D. Grant, Democrat, and Walter A. Miles, Prohibitionist, will discuss this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Turn Verein, under the auspices of the People's This is the first time in the history of Mount

Vernon that a political meeting has been called for a Sunday, but it might be added that this is the most enthusiastic campaign the city has ever known. It is expected that the Turn Verein Hall wont be able to accommodate the crowd that will be on hand to hear the four candidates speak from the same platform.

FAST RUN ON THE PENNSYLVANIA.

Limited Train Makes 717 Miles in 741 Minutes-Good Time Over Altoona Division. Chicago, Nov. 4.—The Pennsylvania, the eighteen

Chicago, Nov. 4.—The Pennsylvania, the eignicenhour New-York and Chicago train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, to-day finished a fast run from Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, where it departed two hours late, to Chicago, where it arrived on time, having completed the run of 717 miles in 741 minutes. In view of the fact that the train had to climb 117 miles of mountains between Altoona and Pittsburg, the run is regarded by operating men as the best ever made by a regular train for a like distance.

POSTAL CARDS SEIZED.

Tammany Cartoon Declared by Postmaster To Be Scurrilous.

About 300,000 postal cards sent out by Tammany Hall as a part of its campaign literature, were seized yesterday at the Postoffice by order of Postmaster Willcox as scurrilous matter and confiscated. According to the law the distributers of these

postal cards, upon conviction, are liable to a fine of \$5,000 and imprisonment for five years The postal card, with which Tammany hoped to bolster up a lost cause, and which it was decided was in violation of the law, was a reproduction of the anti-Hearst banner which appears in nearly every part of the city. It contains a spiral, spirit-like picture of the late President McKinley, before whom lies a bomb marked "Czolgosz," from which extends a sputtering fuse, while in the background is a figure dressed in yellow and labelled Hearst. * At the top of the card are the words "Lest We Forget!

Postmaster Willcox explained yesterday that there was nothing political in the seizure of the defamatory cards, but the action was only in accord with the law in the case. It is the largest single seizure of mail matter in this y since Mr. Willeox became postmaster.

To facilitate the distribution of the unusually large political matter that has been sent out in this campaign the Postmaster assigned several assorters to the mailing depots of the political organizations to assort the mail there, thus re-lieving the General Postomee of the great crush-The offending postal cards, however, were not,

it is said, put through at the Tammany mailing place, but were dumped into the main postoffice some time between midnight and 2 o'clock yesterday morning. Some of them were sent to the branch offices, but the greater part were held for the decision of the Postmaster. On his arrival at his office it took Mr. Wille not more than a minute to decide his course, and he immediately issued orders for the suppression

of the Tammany cards. He then consulted with the United States District Attorney and the Postoffice inspectors, and all agreed with the construction placed by the Postmaster on the law relating to the distribution of offensive matter through the mails. Although it was said at Tammany Hall that 666,000 of the postals had been sent out, the

prompt action of Mr. Willcox prevented the distribution of more than a very small part of

The confiscated cards will be forwarded to the first Assistant Postmaster General at Washing-

Section 498, under which the scurrilous postal cards were seized, reads as follows:

cards were selzed, reads as follows:

All matter otherwise mailable by law upon the envelope or outside cover or wrapper of which, or any postal card upon which, any delineations, epithets, terms, or language of an indecent, lewd, lascivious, obscene, libelious, scurrious, defamatory, or threatening character, or calculated by the terms or manner or style of display and obviously intended to reflect injuriously upon the character or conduct of another, may be written or printed, or otherwise impressed or apparent, are hereby declared non-mailable matter, and shall not be conveyed in the mails, nor delivered from any postoffice nor by any letter carrier, and shall be withdrawn from the mails under spach regulations as the Postmaster General shall prescribe, and any person who shall knowlingly deposit, or cause to be deposited, for mailing or delivery, anything declared by this section to be non-mailable matter, and any person who shall knowlingly take the same or cause the same to be taken from the mails, for the purpose of circulating or disposing of, or of adding in the circulation or disposition of the same, shall, for cach and every offence, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than five years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Postmaster Roberts of Brooklyn took the same course as Postmaster Willcox, and ordered the confiscation of the postal cards mailed there for

The order to stop the delivery of the cards was first sent to the sub-stations in the Borough of The Bronx. About ten thousand cards were held up in that borough. At Station R, 150th-st. and 3d-ave., 3,000 cards were stopped. When Superintendent Mott received the order from Postmaster Willcox, just before the carriers were ready to go out with the 10 o'clock deliveries, there was a hustle by the office clerks to remove the cards from the bags into which they had been sorted, and the delivery was considerably delayed in consequence.

At the Tremont station 2,000 cards were held up by Superintendent Boak, when he received a telephone message from Postmaster Willcox; "Stop the delivery and confiscate the 'Lest We Forget' postals sent out by Tammany Hall."

At Station T, at No. 3,319 3d-ave., 2,000 more cards were held up. At Station X several thousand more were stopped in delivery. There was greater confusion at Station X than at any other of The Bronx sub-stations, when the order was received, for the station was filled with tons of campaign mail. Extra carriers and clerks, on hand in expectation of the rush, were worked to top speed to cope with the situation. Many of the cards received at Station X were without stamps, and due stamps had been affixed by the clerks. They were caught in time and not sent out, however. All but a few cards, that went out on the early deliveries in The Bronx, were stopped and confiscated.

Fast trains to Chicago and St. Louis by West Shore Railroad. Ask a West Shore ticket agent for particulars.—Advt.

Has Made No Such Statement on Mayoralty Campaign.

The following telegram from William Loeb, jr.,

ecretary to President Roosevelt, was received last night by Senator Nathaniel L. Elsberg:

"You are authorized on behalf of the President "You are authorized on behalf of the President to state that the entire account of the alleged explanation of why the President has not interfered in the mayoralty contest in New-York, appearing in 'The New-York Herald' of this morning, is a falsehood from beginning to end.

"The President had no such interview as 'The Herald' represents, and made no such statement to any one and no statement in any way remotely resembling it. The article in 'The Herald' is a falsification.

"WILLIAM LOEB, Jr., Secretary."

The story referred to was an account of an alleged refusal of the President to support Mr. Ivins in his fight in this city. A "close" and anonymous friend of the President was quoted as saving that the President when asked to support Mr. Ivins had said: "You ask Mr. Ivins how much assistance he gave me when I was running for Mayor under almost exactly similar circumstances in 1886."

The immediate and emphatic denial of this attempt to show that the President was not in sympathy with the local Republican candidate was regarded by politicians here last night as significant as showing the President's real attitude toward Mr. Ivins.

NEWSPAPER FORECASTS.

'The News' Makes Ivins Second-"World" Says Hearst.

"The News," Tammany's official organ through the campaign, gives the city to Mc-Ciellan by a plurality of 80,000 votes, and gives Osborne a plurality of 6,000 over Jerome and Shearn. The votes given to each candidate by "The News" is as follows:

Superior Services	McClellan	185,000
	Total Osborne Jerome Snearn	
	Total	328,000

"The World" predicts Mr. Hearst, basing its figures on a seven days' canvass in representaive portions of the city. Of 34,149 voters approached, the results were: Hearst, 14,756; McClellan, 12,039; Ivins, 7,854. The World's" figures indicate a big majority

for Jerome. The smaller totals for the candi-

dates for District Attorney are because they are

not voted for in Brooklyn, where much of "The World's" poll was taken. The figures follow: Jerome, 9,597; Osborne, 3,474; Shearn, 2,097. "The Herald," like the "World," does not make my prediction of the vote to be cast, but lets its readers draw their own inferences from the result of a poll of about ten thousand voters concerning the mayorality candidates. In this

follows: Hearst, 4,117; McClellan, 3,582; Ivins, "The Herald" poll of the voters in New-York County for District Attorney resulted as follows; Jerome, 3,634; Osborne, 1,136; Shearn, 530; Flammer, 105.

poll Hearst leads, the candidates standing as

TAMMANY HIRING AID.

Agents in Cincinnati Bid High for Political "Workers."

[By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Cincinnati, Nov. 4.- We want men to come and help elect McClellan and beat Jer willing to pay for it," is the word passed around last night and to-day by men representing themselves as Tammany agents, who have been mak-ing the rounds of the "crooks" resorts here, While ordinary floaters are not despised, men with wide acquaintance in the underworld and skilled as political werkers are most in demand to handle peaters and do the direct bribling.

Louisville and Philadelphia have also sent agents ere, and as the result of bidding against each other the rates have gone up. To-night the Tam-many men offered workers transportation, \$15 a day till election and \$100 for their services on Tess-

FORM GERMAN ALLIANCE.

J. P. Morgan & Co. in Combination to Reach South American Business.

Berlin, Nov. 4.-It is announced that the Dresdner Bank and the Schaaffhausen Bankverein, which, in December, 1903, formed a ommunity of interest arrangement, will organize in January a special bank for foreign business. The main office will be in Berlin, and a branch will be opened immediately at Buenos Ayres. It is intended to extend operations gradually to other South American and Central

American countries. The organization is said to be a continuation of the Dresdner Bank's rivalry with the Deutsche Bank, which some years ago organized the Doutsche Unberseelsche Bank of Berlin, which now has branches in Argentina, Chili, Peru and Mexico and will soon open a branch

in Guatemala.

The news that the Drescher Bank and the banking house of J. P. Morgan & Co., of New-York, had formed an alliance, attracts much at-tention in Berlin. It is expected that the al-liance will lead to a further listing of American rallway securities on the Berlin Boerse.

BLOODY BATTLE EXPECTED.

Forty Members of Kentucky State Guard at Mercy of Mountaineers. [By Telegraph to The Tribune.]

Louisville, Nov. 4.-A bloody battle is hourly expected at Middlesboro. Forty members of the State Guard, just mustered in there, are at the mercy of mountaineers. The captain offered the company to the Sheriff, who refused to accept it, and resigned. The only telegraph operator in town has been ordered to accept no more press matter. The city is panic-stricken, and every business house in town is locked and barricaded.

MAYOR DUNNE AFTER GAS PLANT.

Sees Opportunity to Confiscate Property of the Universal Gas Company. [By Telegraph to The Tribune.] Chicago, Nov. 4.-Mayor Dunne sees an op-

portunity to establish in a hurry a municipal gas plant, provided a way can be found to confiscate the property of the Universal Gas Company by compelling the forfeiture of the corpany by compelling the forfeiture of the cor-poration's franchise. A clause in the company's charter empowers the city to take and operate the plant if the company combines with any other gas company, as the Universal Gas Com-pany has done.

DENIES "HERALD" STORY. TELLS UNION LEAGUE,

Mayor Makes Break-Says His Ap

peal Is "Not to Honest Men." William M. Ivins spoke at a remarkable meeting at the Union League Club, where his reception was most enthusi-

A dispatch was received by Senator Elsberg from Secretary Loeb denying for the President that he had given any such interview as was published in "The New-

cards, sent out by Tammany to influence voters against William R. Hearst, were confiscated by Postmaster Willcox, on the ground that they were scurrilous. W. R. Hearst ended his fight in Kings

many's campaign methods. Mayor McClellan at Durland's by a slip of the tongue said his appeal was not to nonest men. He made his first attack on

Mr. Jerome addressed two enthusiastic neetings in old Greenwich Village.

CLUB CHEERS MR. IVINS.

Union League Most Enthusiastia

Union League Club yesterday afternoon, William M. Ivins declared that he was absolutely assured of election, and promised when Mayor to give this city the best business administration it ever had. Absolute independence of boss dictation would characterize that administration, he said; not even loyalty to party would swerve him in forming opinions. Advice from every available source would be welcome, said Mr. Ivins, but his, and his only, would be the decisions.

"When I am Mayor of this city, I will administer her affairs so she shall take among the

but I wasn't made to stand a boss," said the "When I'm Mayor, I'll have no boss, There will exist for me no superior. He won't ome out of New-York City; he won't come out of New-York State; no, nor out of the United States." "Good, good!" exclaimed his hearers. "If Tammany should win, Mayor McClellan

have no protection." declared Mr. Ivins.
"If I am elected I'll do my best to repeal the Mortgage Tax bill, which I consider the most insidious form of indirect taxation," was a declaration which brought cheer after cheer

from the staid business men in the room. UNUSUAL POLITICAL MEET

As a political meeting the affair was most unusual. Theoretically, it was a club meeting, called to hear campaign issues discussed by Mr. Ivins and District Attorney Jerome. Really, it developed into a demonstration for the Republican candidate; a meeting dignified and sincera in tone, breaking out at times into applauso when Mr. Ivins made some telling shot at Tam-

Its swathings of "graft."

The large assembly hall of the clubhouse was filled. Between 300 and 400 persons were present when Cornelius N. Bliss introduced Mr. Ivins. As he stepped to the platform a prolonged burst of handelapping and hurrals greeted the candldate, followed by the most earnest attention as he began to speak. One of his most enthusiastic supporters seemed to be I. Townsend Smith, the

Mr. Bliss, in introducing Mr. Ivins, said it was

They are very curious conditions when we see Tammany Hall begging her ancient enemies the Republicans to vote for the Tammany Tiger and all it has stood for for years and years. Whether the personality of McClellan and his efforts for good would justify our putting Tammany into power for four years, it is hardly possible. He has only a limited power in the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, now so important a pert of our city government.

ernment.

Then there is that other candidate who will deprive the Tammany candidate of so many votes. All that is required now is that we loyal Republicans come out to vote for Mr. Ivins to ous! Tammany for four years of clean government.

Then Mr. Ivins said:

Then Mr. Ivins said:

This is altogether the most remarkable eampaign, the most remarkable election, that I have ever known of. To begin with, the issues are absolutely of the first magnitude. I do not believe that outside of the issues presented in the Presidential campaign we have ever had presented in the State of New-York a situation which was fraught with such possibilities for good, and the answer is to be given one way or another, as is this present situation.

It is quite needless for me here to talk to you gentlemen about the magnitude of our city, about the greatness of a municipality with four million and a quarter souls, about the necessities for good government, because you all know and realize good government, because you all know and realize it. That is not for me to dwell on here. This is our home. You realize what that means. And whether our home shall be made a disgrace in the eyes of the world or whether our home shall be made to occupy (applause) is for you to say when you cost your yote and for me to accomplish when I are elected. (Applause.)

A few months ago it would have seemed impossible that the Republicans and the independents of New-York City would have had a chance for securing control of government, taking it out of the hands of Tammany Hall. That chance has come to us by virtue of the division of Tammany Hall. Remember this, that Mr. Hearst and his campaign are only aspects of Tammanyism after all. The Jamoeratic Tammany over is split in the middle, and it is because of that that we have a chance to secure the government, turning Tammany out for the full term of four years. It cannot be done, however, by electing a Mayor al

Commencing Sunday, November 5, the Second Empire will be a daily train, leaving New-York at 1:22 p. m., arriving Buffalo 19:29 p. m., stoppins et Albany, Utica, Syracuse, Rochester and Batavia.

A wonderfully popular train.—Advt.

astic. He expressed himself as absolutely

York Herald" yesterday. About three hundred thousand postal

by one of the most enthusiastic meetings of the campaign. He assailed Tam-

Over the Candidate, Speaking to a remarkable gathering at the

His speech was full of crisp, pointed, decisive utterances, which went home to his hearers every time.

cities of the world that high place which our loved President, Theodore Roosevelt, has given us among the nations," declared Mr. Ivins, With a burst of applause, half his dignified hearers were on their feet, waving hats and shouting like schoolboys. "Maybe I'm a little different from some men,

could be made practically a negligible quantity.
With the Board of Estimate and Apportionment in the hands of the organization, the city would

many, or earnestly promised to free the city of

oldest member of the club, who cheered loud and

a good thing for the members to hear the campaign issues direct from a candidate. He said;

MR. IVINS'S SPEECH.